

Miller & Rhoads

Mail Orders Filled at Advertised Prices

Spring Opening: Art Needlework Dept.

Friday and Saturday, April 16 and 17, will be special Opening Days in our Art Needle Work Section.

The latest ideas in artistic needlework will be on exhibition, both in materials and finished pieces.

The display will consist of Centrepieces, Table Covers, Pillow Tops, Cushions, etc., in Conventional, Arts and Crafts and braiding designs beautifully worked in artistic colorings.

Free instructions given on all stamped pieces purchased.

Foulards, Special, Satin Prunellas,

1,500 yards of Satin Foulards & Printed Pongees will go on sale this morning—the best value of the present season at 49c yard.

Dots, figures & shadow effects in the new 1909 designs.

Foulards are among the leading silks this spring, & there isn't anything in Richmond surpasses these patterns in beauty.

All-Wool Satin-Finish Dress Goods, 42 inches wide, in the new shades of old rose, mulberry, Atlantic green, new tan, raspberry, reseda, navy & black.

These fabrics are all new—only been in the house about ten days.

69c a yard is a remarkably low price for Satin Prunellas, as you well know.

FORMER CONVICTS CONVICTED AGAIN

Seybold Falls to Save Turpin, Both of Whom Were Found Guilty in Federal Court.

MADE COUNTERFEIT MONEY

Turpin Denied All Knowledge of Crime, but Evidence Was Conclusive.

Thomas Seybold, formerly an inmate of the Virginia Penitentiary, in a plea of guilty, failed yesterday to save Walter Turpin, who was convicted with him in the United States District Court, as an accomplice in the principal's scheme of manufacturing counterfeit money. Judge Waddell did not pass judgment on the criminals, but will probably do so today.

Turpin was defended by George Bryan, attorney for the Ex-Prisoners' Aid Society of Virginia, which organization secured his pardon from the State institution two weeks before the crime was committed. It is probable that each of the men will go to the Federal prison in Atlanta for five years. Less than a week after they were released Seybold and Turpin became inmates of the Methodist Institute, Nineteenth and Main Streets, where they were cared for as objects of charity.

Guilt Easily Established. Turpin protested his innocence to the last, while Seybold, as a witness for the defense, attempted in vain, in admitting to be the originator of the scheme to make bogus nickels, dimes and quarters, to shield his friend, whom he now calls a convict.

Turpin's guilt was established after three hours were spent in taking testimony. It took the jury but five minutes to reach its verdict.

The men, both of whom are regarded as dangerous and desperate crooks, were arrested early in January. Dies for duplicating coins, many products of the devices, as well as other evidence of guilt, were found in the room occupied jointly by the two friends.

While an inmate of the penitentiary Turpin manufactured coins, which were widely circulated, and not until hundreds of dollars in bad nickels and dimes had been apprehended and the articles confiscated by the prison authorities, Turpin's former offense leads to the belief that he was the originator of the scheme which resulted in his conviction and that of Seybold.

NEW VIRGINIA CONCERNS

The Corporation Commission yesterday issued the following charters: Hoenniger-Siemore Company (Inc.), Richmond, E. C. Hoenniger, president; T. W. Hoenniger, vice-president; R. L. Sizemore, secretary and treasurer; R. S. Barbour, J. O. Watkins—all of Richmond. Capital: Maximum, \$25,000; minimum, \$1,000. Objects: Agricultural implement business. J. M. Limerick Company (Inc.), Alexandria, J. M. Limerick, president; J. J. Sherrill, secretary and treasurer; E. W. Limerick, vice-president—all of Washington. Capital: Maximum, \$10,000; minimum, \$1,000. Objects: Poultry and egg business.

Captain Pluckney Commandant. At a joint meeting of the Council Committee on Advertisement of the Resources of the City and a similar committee from the Chamber of Commerce to be held in the assembly hall of the chamber to-day at noon, when plans for the entertainment of the American Cotton Manufacturers' Association will be taken up.

There Never Was a Time

In the history of Clothing Manufacturing when so much attention was given to the fit and finish of garments.

Ready-to-wear clothes are now superior to nine-tenths of the to-order kind, and the

GANS-RADY Garments Excel Them All.

THRILLS AUDIENCE ON CLOSING NIGHT

Wednesday Club's Festival Unanimously Voted Best Ever Held Here.

If a house filled to its utmost extent and ready on the slightest excuse to break into prolonged applause, and a program carried through without a flaw indicate success, then last evening must have been a proud moment in the history of the Wednesday Club, which gathered into its audience not only music-lovers, but the most cultured and fashionable members of Richmond society.

Madame Damrosch and the New York Symphony Orchestra received such an ovation that they must carry away with them an impression that they were greatly appreciated by people of this city and members of the Wednesday Club.

In the second program number, "The Swan and the Skylark," Goring Thomas's cantata, Madame Rider-Kelley, Miss Van der Veer, Reed Miller and Gustaf Holmquist were heard to great advantage. The chorus singing in this number was also fine and the orchestra excelled itself. The climax of the evening occurred, however, in the fourth number of the program, when Mr. Holmquist sang "O Rudder, Than the Cherry" from "Aida" and "The Sands of Dee," which was sung beautifully.

Throughout the Wednesday Club did excellent work last evening, and the orchestra and Mr. Damrosch left nothing to be desired on the part of the big crowd which was present to hear and enjoy the matinee was equally successful.

For Cotton Association.

President Peters issued yesterday a call for a joint meeting of the Council Committee on Advertisement of the Resources of the City and a similar committee from the Chamber of Commerce to be held in the assembly hall of the chamber to-day at noon, when plans for the entertainment of the American Cotton Manufacturers' Association will be taken up.

ASK WRIT TO STAY STREET-CAR SALE

Long Litigation Now Pending Before United States Supreme Court at Washington.

A petition for a writ of certiorari in the case of the Metropolitan Trust Company of New York vs. The Central Trust and other trust companies of New York, involving the securities of the street car companies of Richmond, was docketed yesterday in the Supreme Court of the United States, at Washington. The Metropolitan Company claims to have suffered a loss of \$1,000,000 through the decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in the Fourth Circuit, and asks to have the case reviewed by the Supreme Court.

The motion is returnable on Monday, when the court will hear argument on the question of granting the writ. Should the Supreme Court grant this writ at any time it would have the effect of a writ of superseades, staying the sale of the street car and electric properties, advertised to take place on May 5, and the case would then be docketed for hearing on appeal before the Supreme Court of the United States.

Since the docket of this court is much congested, the effect would be of continuing the receivership for a year or more. Should the writ be refused, however, this action will end the long litigation, and the reorganization of the properties will proceed. Counsel for the committee on reorganization of the street car lines controlled by the receivers of the Virginia Passenger and Power Company will appear before Judge Edmund Waddell in the United States District Court to-day and apply for certain changes in the decree already entered ordering the sale of the property on May 5. The changes are understood to be of a technical nature to perfect the instrument.

NEGRO IS SENT ON

Hotel Thief, Held on Five Charges, Waives Hearing in First of Cases.

Joseph Eggleston, colored, formerly elevator man at the Jefferson Hotel, was yesterday arraigned in the Police Court with five charges against him. On the charge of having stolen numerous articles of wearing apparel and other property from Henry W. Anderson, a guest, the defendant waived preliminary examination, and was sent on to the grand jury.

Eggleston is charged with the theft of an umbrella from W. J. Quigley, and a pistol from W. L. Bigger, clerks at the hotel. The cases were postponed until April 24. The negro is charged with robbing several other guests, but all cases, except that involving the Anderson robbery, will be held up until a jury passes on the original case. Eggleston was returned bail.

TO BUILD ANNEX

Members of Commonwealth Club to Vote on Bond Issue To-Night.

The Commonwealth Club will hold a meeting to-night for the purpose of considering a bond issue of \$25,000 to build an annex to the present clubhouse.

The meeting will be in the nature of a smoker, and the question of issuing the proposed bonds will be the only business matter to be considered. The club desires that more room is needed for the accommodation of its members, and it is understood that the bond issue proposition meets with general approval.

A case of far-reaching importance affecting the revenues of the city of Richmond and other cities of Virginia was decided by Judge Ingram in the Law and Equity Court yesterday in the suit of the city of Richmond against the Farmville and Powhatan Railroad Company. In this case it was held that where funds are deposited in court to await disbursement upon call, the right of the city to tax this fund on the ground that such funds, while deposited in bank, could not be taxed by the city of Richmond.

The case arose out of the attempt by the city to levy a tax on \$36,564.44 on deposit in the National Bank of Virginia, which sum was a part of the proceeds of the sale of the Farmville and Powhatan Railroad, under order of the court. Hunsdon Cary, representing certain mortgage bond holders, denied the right of the city to tax this fund on the ground that as the debts for which the fund was to be distributed had already been taxed, to allow it to be again taxed would be double taxation, and therefore unconstitutional.

City Attorney Henry R. Pollard insisted, on the other hand, that section 69 of the City Charter and section 1043 of the Code of Virginia gave the city authority to tax a fund of this nature, but the court denied the right of the city, unless expressly authorized to do so, and decided that neither section 69 of the City Charter nor section 1043 of the Code of Virginia gave the city authority to tax a fund of this nature, and that the city ordinances under which the tax was attempted to be levied were unconstitutional so far as they attempted to tax a fund in the hands of the receiver awaiting disbursement for the payment of debts. The case will be of much importance to the cities of the Commonwealth, and to litigants generally having funds in court. Mr. Pollard indicated his intention to carry it to the Court of Appeals of Virginia.

PLAYGROUND WORK IS AGAIN DELAYED

Operating Plan Tabled by Committee—Kick on Auditorium Heating Plant.

Playgrounds were again side-tracked by the Council Committee on Grounds and Buildings last night after long debate, the plan of operation being laid on the table until the next regular meeting. A subcommittee presented a comprehensive plan for the operation of the grounds, dividing out the fund of \$7500 appropriated for the case of the proposed Shockley for the Civic Improvement League, presented as a substitute another plan, the essential differences being that the league idea cut the time of opening the grounds from five to four months, materially reduced the pay of the caretakers and supervisors, and provided for a general supervisor for the whole city, the idea being that this man would be a trained instructor in athletics.

Mr. Jenkins, Rev. James Buchanan and S. K. McKee spoke in favor of careful supervision, arguing that playgrounds under proper management and supervision would become plague spots rather than benefits to the children and the community. The committee seemed divided on the question of employing the supervisor. While the debate was on City Engineer Bolling, sprung a surprise in the form of a motion to postpone the playground, on North Tenth Street, in which the special committee proposed the purchase of the lot for \$1800. Mr. Bolling reported that he had looked over the ground, and that it would take \$4500 to grade it and put it in order. The committee dodged the vote on whether to purchase the lot, and the debate on the playground matters, including a large number of applications for jobs in the proposed spaces. Messrs. Burton, Don Leavy and Melton opposed delay.

The chairman appointed as a subcommittee on securing information as to the possibility and cost of converting the Richmond College tract into a park. Messrs. Don Leavy, Gust, Burton, Buford and Whitsett.

Heating Plant Shows Defect. City Engineer Bolling and Building Inspector Beck surprised a second surprise on the committee when they presented a joint report to the effect that the heating plant recently installed at the Auditorium was short 1124 feet of radiating space from the contract requirement, which is 8,000 square feet. While there had been no tests in very early weather, the engineer reported that the tests made had not heated the building as well as was expected.

Unless the short area of radiating space was made good, the engineer estimated that \$7440 be deducted in the final settlement. Representatives of the contractor, the Virginia Plumbing and Heating Company, were heard as to the cost of a change from a pipe system to cast iron radiators, which change, however, the contractor had agreed to make. The matter was finally referred to the City Engineer, Building Inspector and subcommittee on Buildings for report. Later the contractor was allowed \$2,000 on account.

Armory Plans Changed. On advice of the Building Inspector and architects, and with the consent of the contractor, the character of construction on the Blues' Armory was changed from steel to concrete, and protected steel, the recent reduction in the price of structural steel having made possible this change, which will make the building much more rapid in construction.

The Building Inspector was given authority to employ an inspector on the work at the armory.

SOLDIERS AT DINNER

Walker Light Guard, Company B, First Regiment, Present, Medals to Veterans.

With excellent attendance and with tables bountifully laden, the members of Walker Light Guard, Company B, of the First Regiment, and their guests dined last night in the armory in celebration of the thirty-eighth anniversary of the organization. Major Christian, Major Bonneau and Captain Miller were the speakers of the evening. Each was heartily received, and was given a round of applause at the close of his talk. Captain Miller extended to the company an invitation to camp with him next summer near Amelia Courthouse, where the guard enjoyed a fine outing several years ago. This invitation was much appreciated by the company, and no definite action was taken. Among the guests were Captain Stone, Lieutenant Kindervater and Sergeant Spott. Captain Stuck and Lieutenant Matthews were in command of the guard.

Medals were awarded Sergeant Maddox as the most efficient soldier in the guard; Sergeant Wecker, Sergeant Newell and Sergeant Morley, Corporals Anderson and Stalder, and Privates Private Wilbore receiving attendance medals.

JUVENILE PROTECTORATE

Association Hears Interesting Report from Secretary Buchanan of Work Done.

The Juvenile Protective Association met yesterday afternoon, the 5 o'clock at the Jefferson Hotel, ex-Governor A. J. Montague occupying the chair. Secretary Buchanan reported at some length on the work of the past six months, showing what has been accomplished by the association. He told of many instances where children had been rescued from immoral lives and restored to usefulness. In his report he paid a high tribute to the public spirit and unselfish interest which President Joseph E. Willard had shown in the work. It was decided that the report covering the work of the association should be printed and distributed.

CITY SLOW TO AID STRICKEN PEOPLE

Citizens Discuss Plans to Segregate Consumptives So as to Stop Spread of Disease.

Plans to segregate consumptives in the advanced stages of that disease in a municipal sanatorium, where they might receive proper treatment and be restrained from becoming a menace to the health of the city, were discussed at an informal conference held at the Nurses' Settlement yesterday afternoon, business men, nurses, physicians and philanthropic women taking part. The meeting was purely preliminary, but there is apparently no way of preventing such cases from spreading the contamination broadcast throughout the city.

It developed in the discussion that there is no place in Richmond, or in the State of Virginia, for that matter, where a patient in the advanced stages of consumption may go for treatment. No hotel or boarding house will knowingly receive such a person, and no hospital in Richmond will even in the highest paid wards treat such a patient for any price.

Cures in Early Stages. While substantial progress has been made both in Richmond and in Virginia in the attack on tuberculosis, nearly all of the work up to this time has been directed to the more hopeful side of the treatment, the care for incipient and early forms, in which a large percentage has been found to be curable. The city has established dispensaries for treatment, and the State is now about to open a sanatorium for effective hospital work among those in the early stages of the disease, where cures may be expected. But for the advanced case there is not only no refuge in hospital or home, but there is apparently no way of preventing such cases from spreading the contamination broadcast throughout the city.

The City Board of Health this year asked for \$10,000 for the establishment on a 160-acre farm in Henrico county, now belonging to the city, of a hospital for advanced consumptives, thus taking such cases, especially among the indigent, out of the city to comfortable surroundings, where they will at least cause no spread of the disease. The board of managers of the Sheltering Arms Hospital reported as an illustration the case of a young girl kept there through city until her condition was regarded as positively dangerous to other patients, when she had the alternative of going into the Almshouse or going home.

Refusing the stigma of the poorhouse, she went home, and is sleeping in the room with four sisters, each of whom is nightly exposed to the disease, and who have but the most limited ideas of preventive measures or of sanitation.

Council Refused Aid. The Finance Committee of the Council refused to provide the tuberculosis hospital asked, although the cost was not more than that of two blocks of smooth paving on some isolated cross street, the property owners on which had political influence.

The treatment of advanced consumptives will shortly become a much discussed topic, as steps will be taken to interest not only the City Council but the physicians and people of Richmond generally. Figures show that in 1908 consumption cost the city of Richmond in lives lost, unearned wages and cost of maintenance of the sick, a total of \$1,331,650, the estimate being drawn on the most conservative insurance tables. Yet to check this leakage the city could not afford a \$10,000 appropriation, though spending on street car tickets for City Councilmen \$2,800, and an armory for the Blues' Battalion \$12,325.

The Board of Health estimates about 1,000 cases of pronounced consumption in the city, in more or less advanced stages. There were 221 deaths from this disease last year. As soon as preliminary plans have matured a more general meeting of all interested in this plan for segregation of a dangerous disease will be announced.

FAKED HER NAME, NOT TO EXECUTE ALL ON SAME DAY

Not Her Bathing Suit Picture That Went to Chicago in Package of Richmond Tobacco.

According to reports received yesterday, several Chicago policemen are burning the mails offering their heart and hand to Miss Marie Holt, of this city, who is unknown to them except through the medium of a picture received in a tobacco bag which was originally bought in that city by Sergeant William Haedler, fifty-four years old and married. Of course, the sergeant had no use for the picture, but he promptly turned it over to the younger and untrammelled members of the force, who looked with longing eyes upon the comely face of the young Virginia girl.

It is well to say that along with the picture that dropped out of Sergeant Haedler's tobacco bag was a note which read thus: "If the purchaser of this package of tobacco desires to become acquainted with a nice Southern girl, let him address Miss Marie Holt, of Richmond, Va."

The picture which accompanied the note was taken in a bathing suit, which made it all the more attractive. In order to be entirely impartial, the sergeant tucked it upon the station wall, where the unmarried members of the force are wont to gaze at it with longing eyes and frame in their minds tender communications to the original.

Miss Holt, who is as good to look upon as the description given of her from the far-off city, smiles and blushes as she declares that there must be another of her names. She lives at 129 Wood Street with her parents, and says that she never put up a bag of tobacco, though she admits with some show of modesty that she has smoked for some time at the Allen & Ginter factory, where she packed cigarettes. Also she says that she has had no pictures taken in bathing suits. Still, the letters from the policemen are on the way, and the young woman smiles in the anticipation of soon being the recipient of a real Irish love letter. At the Woodlawn Station all is anticipation and expectancy. Not a few members of the force are ready to come to the Old Dominion to lay claim to the girl in the bathing suit. In the meanwhile Sergeant Haedler smokes his pipe and smiles at the seriousness of the young swains.

COURT APPROVED ALL EXCEPT TWO

New Commission to Assess Damages in Case of Mrs. Barnes and Brookdale Corporation.

Judge R. Carter Scott, of the Henrico County Circuit Court, has issued an order sustaining the commissioners in the litigation involving the damages asked by property owners along the line of the Richmond and Chesapeake Bay Railway in all of the cases except that of the Brookdale Corporation and Mrs. Alice G. Barnes. In these cases a new commission was appointed to report to the court as soon as practicable.

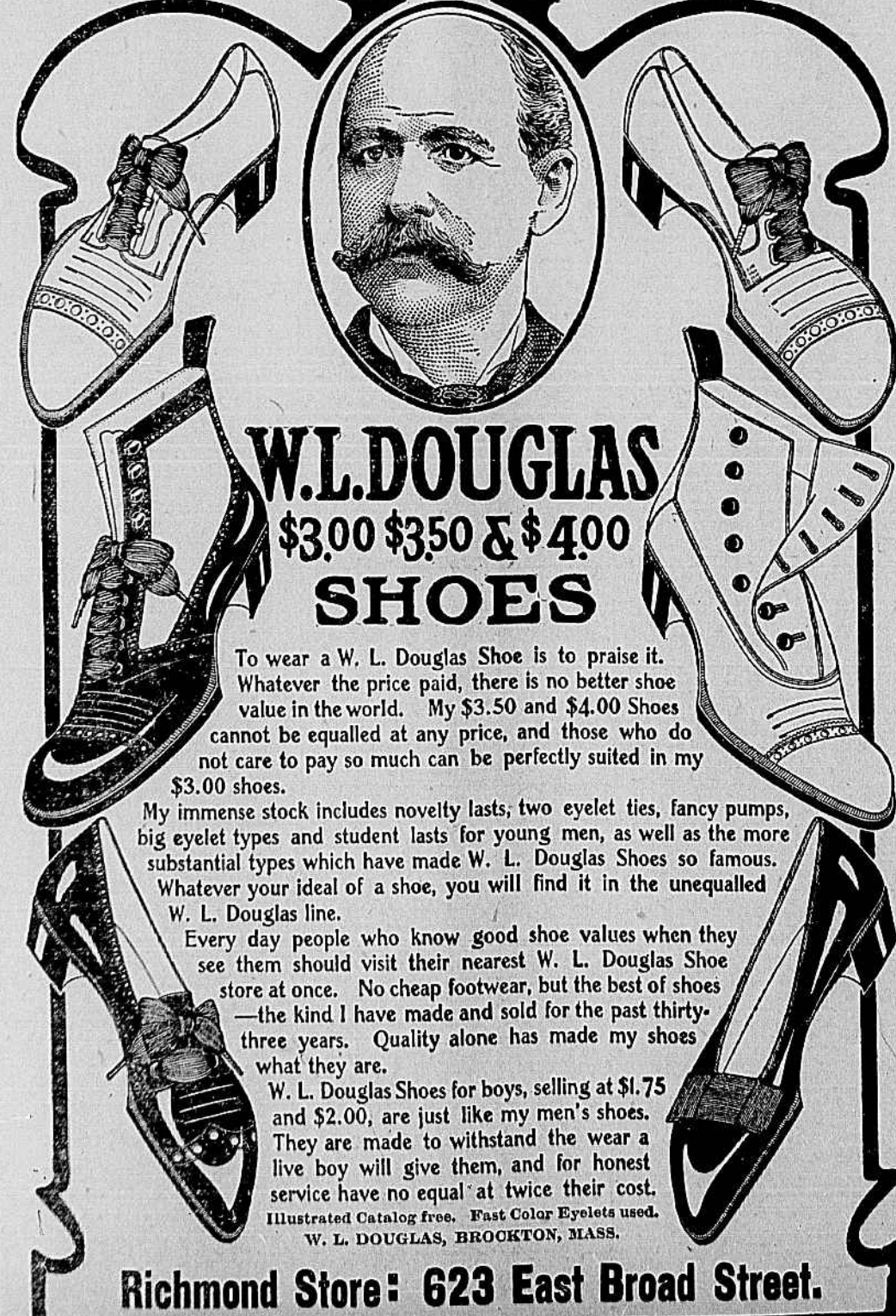
The original commission consisted of E. J. Willis, S. H. Hawes, T. A. Cary, J. K. Jones and S. R. Rose. Their valuation of the loss was as follows: C. G. Schwalm, \$150; W. J. Harris, \$150; Ezekiah Harris, \$500; L. T. Christian, \$500; W. T. Hood, \$500; N. W. Bove, \$2,500; Sue W. Buek, \$170; Mary Williams, \$170; R. E. Tiller, \$150; W. W. Tiller, \$500; W. A. Hammond, \$2,500; H. D. Eicheburger, \$100; and A. D. Williams, \$250. All of these amounts are to carry interest from December, 1908.

The new commission appointed for the assessment of the damages to the Brookdale Corporation and Mrs. Barnes consists of William M. Habington, H. C. Beattie, Hugh M. Nelson, W. Frank Powers and John Landstreet. According to the order, any three of these may act. The commission has been called to meet on April 26 and has been ordered to report to the court as soon as possible.

NOT TO EXECUTE ALL ON SAME DAY

Powhatan Murderers Get Respite of Five and Seven Days for Convenience of Death Chair.

At the request of Superintendent Morgan, of the State Penitentiary, Governor Swanson yesterday issued an order changing the date of the execution of three of the five negroes sentenced to death for the murder of Mrs. Mary E. Skipwith and Walter G. Johnson, of Powhatan county. All had been sentenced to die the same day, but Superintendent Morgan suggested a change because of the possibility of some friction in the operating of the death chair. John and William Brown will die on April 30, as ordered by Judge Hundley. Joe and Isiah Taylor will be executed on May 5, while Lewis Jenkins will die on May 7. This change was simply made as a matter of precaution, and is in keeping with the regulations often followed in other States, where the gallows has been abolished by law.



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My immense stock includes novelty lasts; two eyelet ties, fancy pumps, big eyelet types and student lasts for young men, as well as the more substantial types which have made W. L. Douglas Shoes so famous. Whatever your ideal of a shoe, you will find it in the unequalled W. L. Douglas line.

Every day people who know good shoe values when they see them should visit their nearest W. L. Douglas Shoe store at once. No cheap footwear, but the best of shoes—the kind I have made and sold for the past thirty-three years. Quality alone has made my shoes what they are.

W. L. Douglas Shoes for boys, selling at \$1.75 and \$2.00, are just like my men's shoes. They are made to withstand the wear a live boy will give them, and for honest service have no equal at twice their cost.

Illustrated Catalog free. Fast Color Eyelets used.

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Richmond Store: 623 East Broad Street.

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